

### Access to Japanese Markets

CFTC International Regulators Meeting U.S.A.

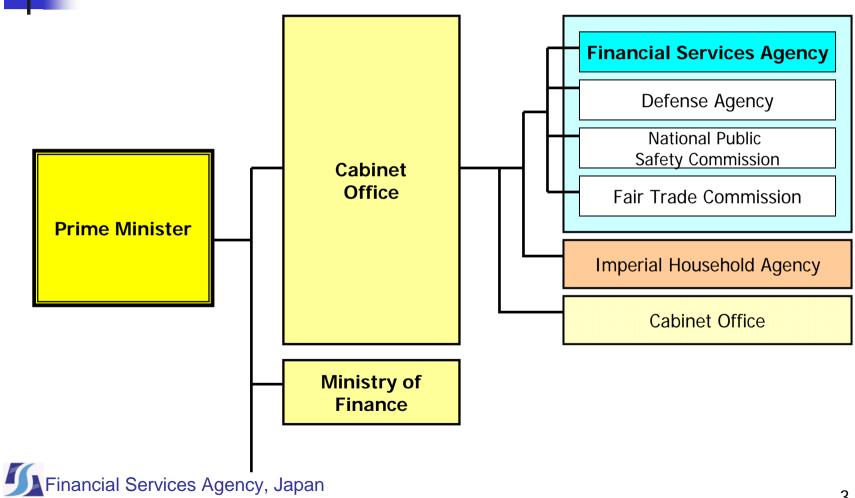
March 16, 2005
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Director for International Financial Markets

Financial Services Agency, Japan

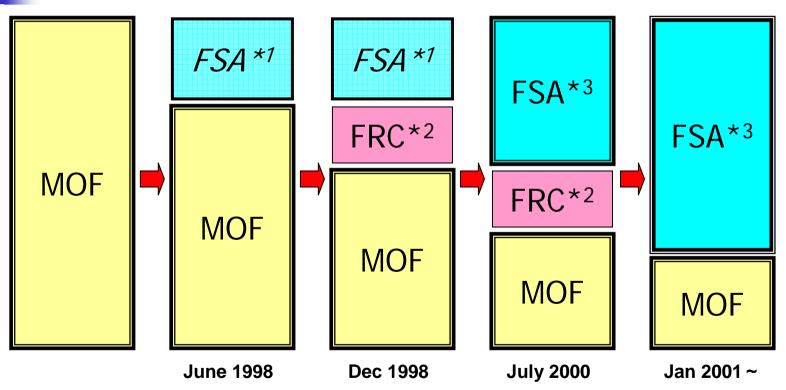
### Agenda

- Structure of the FSA and regulatory outline
- Access to Japanese Markets
  - What we did already open markets
  - Current situation active foreign investors
  - Future measures seeking further development

### 1. Financial Services Agency (1) -Position in the Government



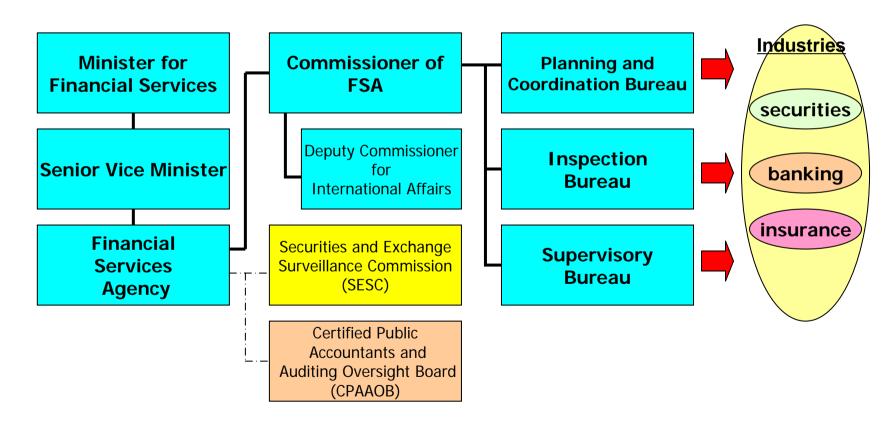
### 1. Financial Services Agency (2) - History



- \*1 Financial Supervisory Agency
- \*2 Financial Reconstruction Commission
- \*3 Financial Services Agency

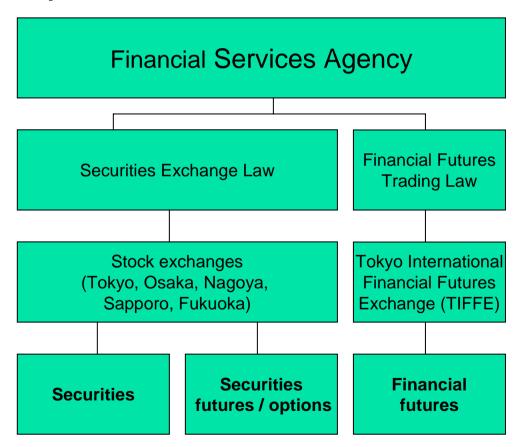


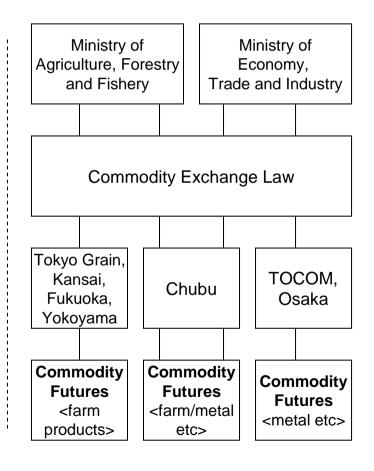
## 1. Financial Services Agency (3) - Organization





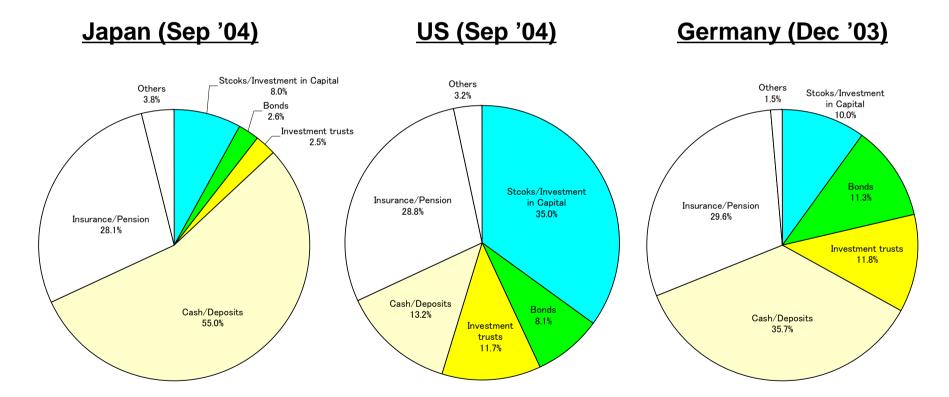
## 2. Regulatory Framework of Securities and Futures in Japan







### 3. "From Savings to Investment"

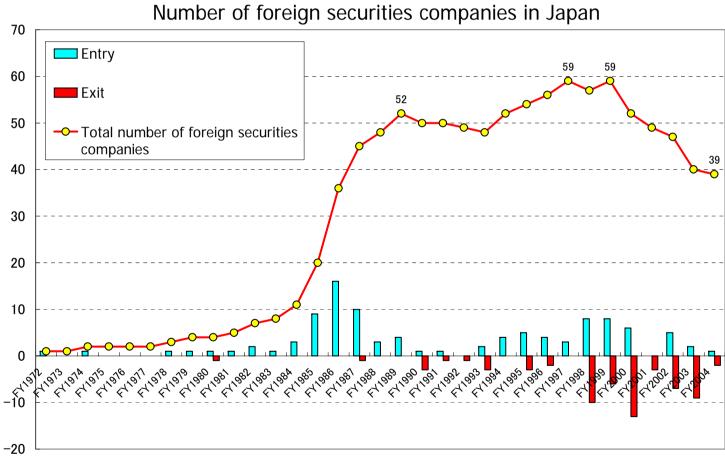




### 4-1. Encouragement of More Entry and Competition for Securities Companies

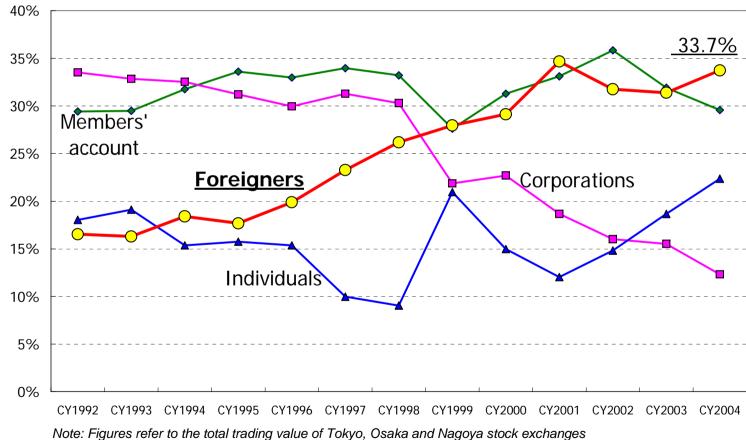
- Revision of the Securities and Exchange Law in 1998
  - Licensing system → Registration system
- Lowered minimum capital requirement for entry in 2004
  - JPY 100 mil → JPY 50 mil

### 4-2. Number of Foreign Securities Companies



# 5-1. Trading Volume of Listed Stocks by Investors (1)

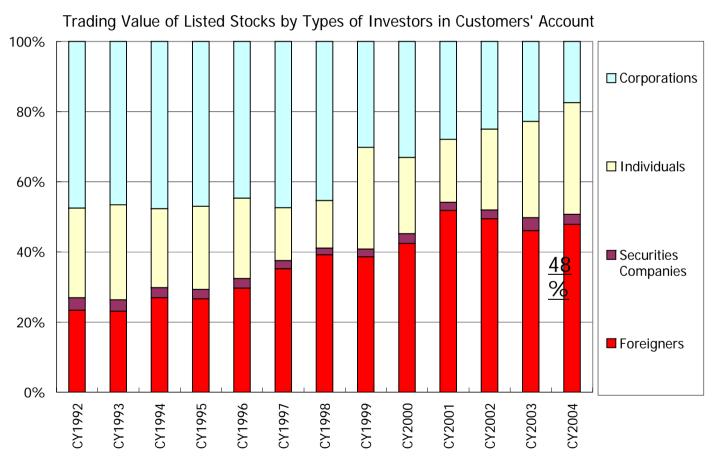
Trading Value of Listed Stocks by Types of Investors in Japan

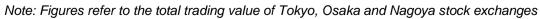






# 5-1. Trading Volume of Listed Stocks by Investors (2)

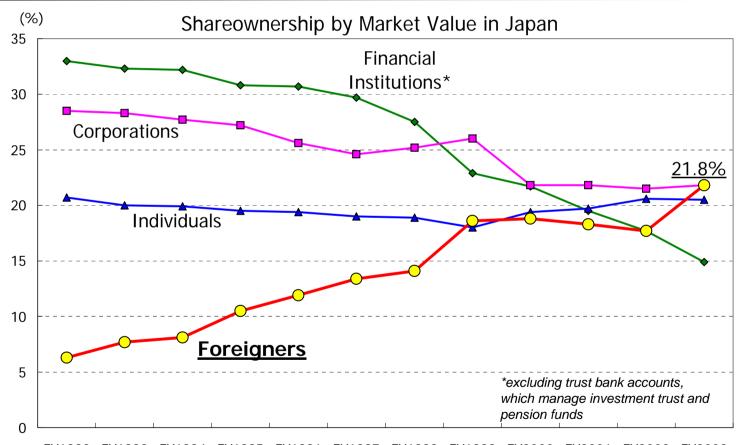








### 5-2. Ownership by Market Value



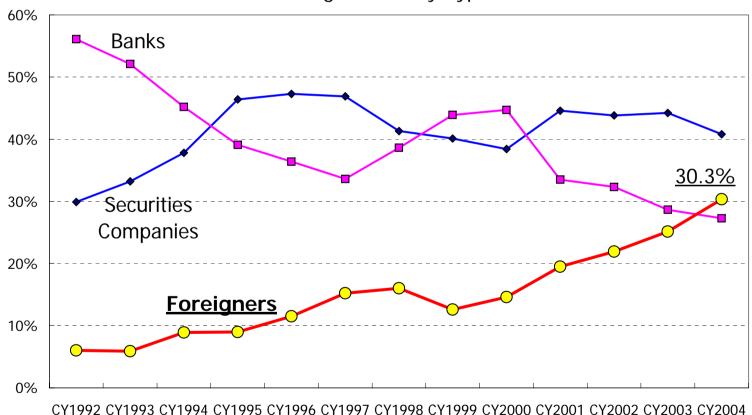
FY1992 FY1993 FY1994 FY1995 FY1996 FY1997 FY1998 FY1999 FY2000 FY2001 FY2002 FY2003 Note: Figures refer to the total trading value of Tokyo, Osaka and Nagoya stock exchanges





# 5-3. Trading Volume of JGB Futures by Investors

JGB Futures Trading Volume by Types of Investors

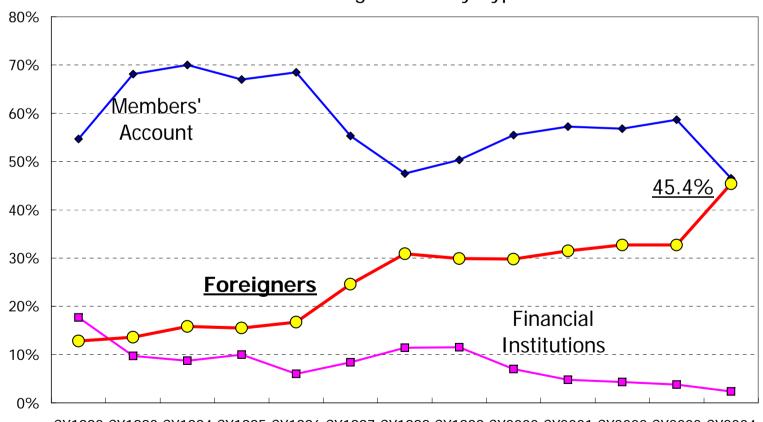






# 5-4. Trading Volume of Nikkei 225 Futures by Investors

Nikkei 225 Futures Trading Volume by Types of Investors



CY1992 CY1993 CY1994 CY1995 CY1996 CY1997 CY1998 CY1999 CY2000 CY2001 CY2002 CY2003 CY2004





## 6. Program for Promoting Securities Market Reform (1)

- Announced on August 6, 2002
- 3 main themes
  - Development of securities markets easy to access for everyone
  - Establishment of securities markets that investors can invest with confidence
  - Establishment of efficient and competitive securities markets



## 6. Program for Promoting Securities Market Reform (2)

- Establishment of efficient and competitive securities markets
  - Reviewing comprehensively the Japanese markets from a medium-to-long term perspective
    - Reviewing the role of stock exchanges responding to globalization and the progress in Information Technology



### 7. Amendment of the Law

- May 2003: the bill to amend the Securities and Exchange Law passed the Diet
- April 2004: the amendment became effective
  - Terminal installment by overseas securities exchanges
  - Direct access to an exchange by foreign firms (remote membership)



## 8. Terminal installment by overseas securities exchanges (1)

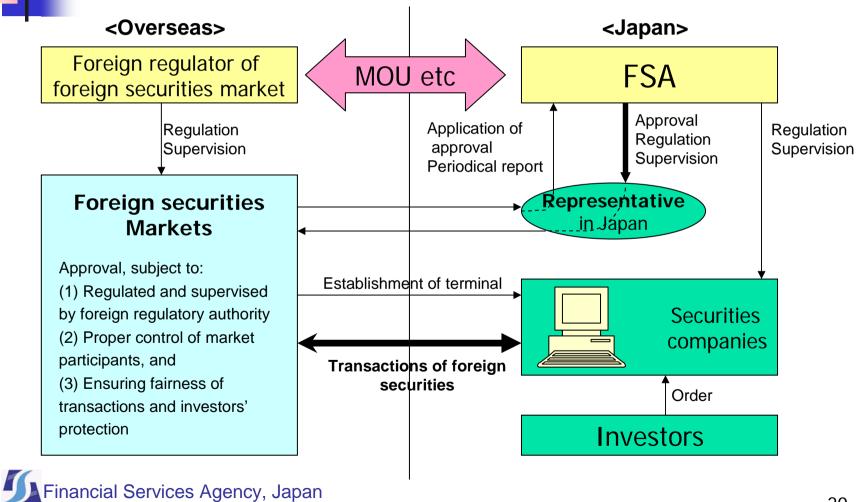
- Before amendment
  - <u>Case-by-case response</u> to requests for installing terminals in Japan by overseas securities exchanges
- After amendment
  - Enactment of definite rules from the viewpoint of investors' protection and ensuring transparency, properly considering international developments



# 8. Terminal installment by overseas securities exchanges (2)

- Requiring approval by the FSA, not requiring licensing for opening of a securities market
- Establishment of rules
  - Proper regulations and supervisions by overseas regulators
  - Framework of exchange of information
  - Monitoring requirements

# 8. Terminal installment by overseas securities exchanges (3)

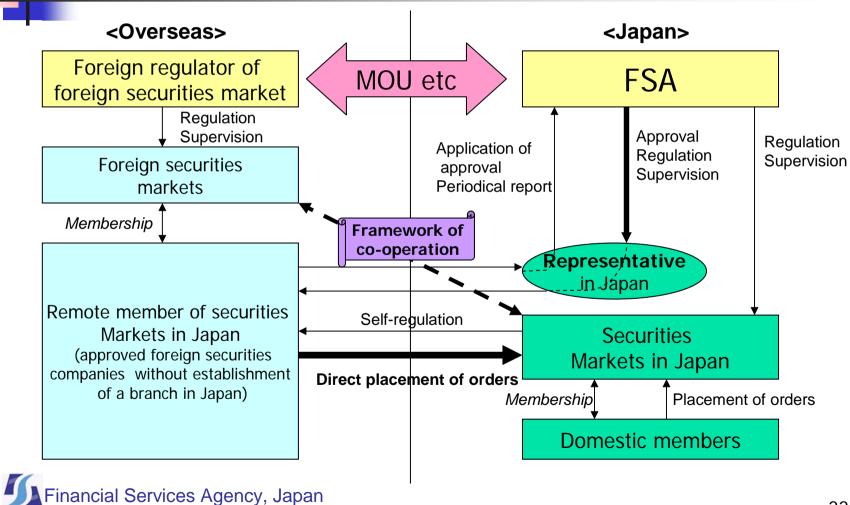




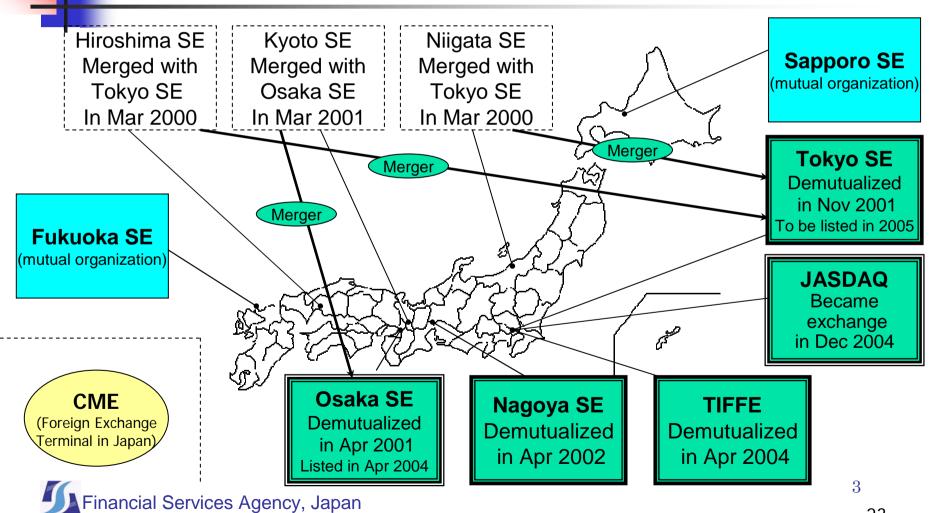
### 9. Remote Membership (1)

- Allowing membership of Japanese exchanges to overseas securities companies
  - Without requiring establishment of a branch in Japan
- Requirement for membership
  - Framework of exchange of information between regulators
  - Framework of co-operation between exchanges

### 9. Remote Membership (2)



# 10-1. Exchanges in Japan – Merger, Demutualization & Listing

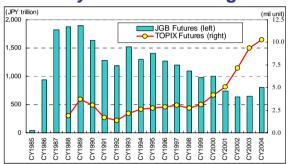


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### 10-2. Futures Markets at a Glance

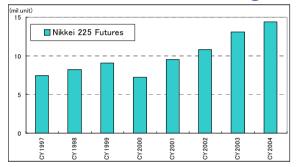
### <Tokyo Stock Exchange>



### **Listed Products**

- •TOPIX Futures (Sep '88-)
- •TOPIX Sector Index Futures
- -TOPIX Electric Appliances Index (Jan '98-)
- -TOPIX Transportation Equipment Index (Mar '98 -)
- -TOPIX Banks Index (Apr '98-)
- -S&P/TOPIX 150 Futures (Jun '01-)
- •TOPIX Options (Oct '89 -)
- -S&P/TOPIX 150 Options (Jun '01-)
- Equity Options (Jul '97-)
- •5-year JGB Futures (Feb '96-)
- •10-year JGB Futures (Oct '85-)
- •Options on 10-year JGB Futures (May '90-

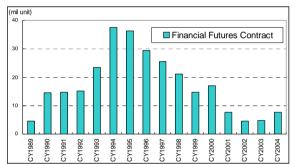
### <Osaka Securities Exchange>



### **Listed Products**

- ·Nikkei 225 Futures (Sep '88 -)
- ·Nikkei 300 Futures (Feb '94 -)
- Dow Jones Industrial Average Futures (Jul '02 -)
- •MSCI Japan Index Futures (Jul '02 -)
- •FTSE Japan Index Futures (Jul '02 )
- ·Nikkei 225 Options (Jun '89 -)
- ·Nikkei 300 Options (Feb '94 -)
- Equity Options (Jul '97 -)

### <TIFFE>



### **Listed Products**

- •Three-month Euroyen Futures (Jun '89 -)
- •Three-month Euroyen LIBOR Futures (Mar '99 -)
- •U.S. Dollar-Japanese Yen Currency Futures (Feb '91 -)
- •Options on Three-month Euroyne Futures (Jul '91 -)
- Five-year yen swap rate futures (May '03 )
- •Ten-year yen swap rate futures (May '03 -)



### 11. Possible New Products

- Under consideration/studying for listing in exchanges in Japan
  - Example:
    - Weather derivatives
    - CO<sub>2</sub> Emissions Trading



### 12. Recent Regulatory Development

 To address increased troubles on offexchange forex margin transactions



- Amendment of the Financial Futures
   Trading Law (effective on July 1, 2005)
  - Brokers of off-exchange forex margin transactions shall be registered with FSA
  - International cooperation in financial futures transactions will be available





### 13. Program for Further Financial Reform (1)

Announced on December 24, Japan's challenge: "Moving toward a Financial Services Nation"

## 13. Program for Further Financial Reform (2) – Basic Concept

- **♦ Change of phases surrounding the financial environment** 
  - From the emergency reaction phase to a desirable financial situation -

Emphasis on "financial system stability"

(Emergency reaction against the non-performing loans problem)



Emphasis on "financial system vitality"

(Establishing a desirable financial system for the future)

Desirable financial system

by the effort of the "private sector," not led by the "public sector"

Any user of financial products and services has access to options for diversified and good-quality financial products and services at anytime, from anywhere, at an appropriate price.

(a financial system superior in its convenience, price advantage, diversification, international aspect and reliability)

Establishing attractive markets

Realization of a "Financial Services Nation"

"From savings to investment"

♦ Five points in the challenge moving toward a "Financial Services Nation"

Emphasis on users' needs and thorough implementation of user protection rules

Strategic use of IT for strengthening the competitiveness of financial institutions and further developing financial infrastructure

Further development of a financial system which is internationally open and the financial administration with an international perspective

Contribution to regional economies

Establishment of a reliable financial administration





### 13. Program for Further Financial Reform (3)

- 3 concrete measures
  - Creation of a vibrant financial system
  - Contribution to regional economies
  - Establishment of a reliable financial administration



### 13. Program for Further Financial Reform (4)

- Creation of a vibrant financial system
  - Emphasis on users' needs and thorough implementation of user protection rules
    - Enactment of the "Investment Services Law"
    - Further enhancement of the corporate disclosure system
  - Further development of a financial system which is internationally open and the financial administration with an international perspective



### 13. Program for Further Financial Reform (5)

- Implementation of a financial administration with an international perspective and active participation in international standard-setting activities
  - As internationalization and financial conglomeratization progresses, the necessity of strengthening partnerships with overseas regulatory authorities is increasing, and the movement towards the convergence of regulation and standards is accelerating. Taking this situation into consideration, the FSA will strive to adhere to <a href="mailto:the equal treatment">the equal treatment</a> principle of domestic and foreign financial institutions; make the <a href="mailto:Japanese financial system and financial markets universal based on a clear philosophy and rules">tules</a>; and at the same time play a leading role in international standard-setting activities regarding financial services, participating actively, not passively, from a strategic standpoint.
    - Active participation in drawing up trading rules for international financial products and services
    - Ensuring appropriate regulation, inspection and supervision of international financial conglomerates
    - Strengthening cooperation with overseas supervisory authorities





### Thank you