The Japanese Financial Industry: Desirable State in the Medium- and Long-Term (Present State and Future Outlook) [Outline]

New phase for the Japanese economy #1

- Structural changes of the Japanese economy and society.
- Declining birthrate, aging population, and population decrease.
- Short demand / excess supply, and deflation.
- Decline of regional economies.
- Diversification of values and lifestyles (incl. the heightened awareness of the environment).

New phase for the Japanese economy #2

- Progress of economic globalization.
- Efforts to harness high overseas growth.
- Japanese firms' international expansion and Japanese
- individuals' overseas investment.
- Steps towards becoming an investing nation.

New phase for the financial regulatory environment

- Domestic financial stability relatively maintained amid a global trend of tightening financial regulations.
- Momentums to positively reappraise the business model based on commercial banking.

The roles of the financial industry:

(1) To support the real economy

(2) To lead the economy as a growing industry

Towards a financial industry creating value that wins the admiration of customers

(Financial institutions)

- Fulfillment of the risk conversion function and the information production function.
- Management strategies with a greater emphasis on the customer perspective.
- Development and expansion of business foundations.
- Cultivation of human resources.

Financial and capital markets)

- Markets serving as the base for Japanese firms and individuals to make investments.
- Markets serving as the hub of the global flow of funds, especially in Asia.

Corporate financial services (global expansion)

(Outward globalization)

- Enhancement of the "breadth" and "depth" (localization) of Japanese financial institutions' international expansion.
- Development and utilization of global networks.
- Raising of local currencies; collection of practical and specialized local information.
- Development of global networks of foreign bases and information systems.
- Overseas expansion with building own branch network and local subsidiaries or conducting international M&As.
- Development of human resources; promotion of local employees.
- Inward globalization)
- For enhancing the international attractiveness of Japan's financial and capital markets, acceleration of improving financial market infrastructure (incl. the utilization of reinsurance markets and systems).

Corporate financial services (local expansion)

(i) Rehabilitation and revival of local SME's.

(ii) General revitalization of individual rural communities.

(iii) Promotion of new industries and New Town Planning.

Broadening financial instituitions' means of taking risks.

- Strengthening of the risk conversion function.
 - ... Making loans and investment without depending on real estate for collateral. ... Utilization of investment funds.
- Expansion of the information production function.
- ... "Industry, academia, finance + government" collaboration.
- ... Development of human resources with the ability to discern the sustainable business potential of companies and industries; utilization of outside experts.
- Reforms on human resources and know-how, financial affairs, and organizational affairs (implementation of integration / realignments and cooperation / alliances among different financial institutions, etc.)

Personal financial services

- Challenge for Japanese financial institutions: Enhancement of their capacity to develop and sell investment products in appropriate response to a wide variety of needs of services users.
- Development of human resources (cultivation of sales people assuming the professional responsibility, etc.); and, improvement of the transparency of financial products and services.
- Reviewing the state of institutional investors' asset management.
- Managerial efforts for the development of products and services.
- Fostering of independent financial intermediaries and neutral financial advisors; and, reviewing the state of the production and sales separation for financial services. Reviewing the state of distributors' sales channels.

Public-private collaboration efforts for the improvement and revitalization of financial functions

Global corporate financial services

(Outward globalization)

- Review of domestic and foreign regulations and institutions that impede the international expansion of Japanese financial institutions.
- Cultivation of strategic cooperative relationships with third parties, mainly Japanese government-affiliated financial institutions. Inward globalization)
- Improvement of financial market infrastructure for enhancing the attractiveness of Japan's financial and capital markets.
- Exploration of their own distinctiveness which will be appraised by Asian investors and fund-raisers.
- ... For example, local currency transactions in Asia.

Local corporate financial services

- Correction of factors that are preventing financial institutions from supplying funds in ways conducive to economic growth. ... For example, the so-called 5% Rule.
- Development of an environment which encourages financial institutions to actively exercise their functions, mainly the risk conversion function. ... For example, ABL.
- Support for financial institutions to expand and reinforce their business foundations

Personal financial services

- For the enhancement of personal financial services, strengthening human resources, improving financial literacy, supporting the entry and development of new players.
- Transformation of personal funds into capital inducing economic growth. - Expansion of the capacity to supply funds in ways conducive to economic growth through institutional investors' investing activities. - Opening up new fund mediation channels.
 - ... For example, nurturing of microfinance-based funds.

Utilization of the public-private roundtable

- Sharing of codes of principles.
- Formulating action plans.









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