



MARKET EXPANSION WEBINAR SERIES:

New Business Opportunities in Japan for Overseas Asset Managers 2022

Part 5: **Trading Public Securities in Japan**

December 1, 2022 | 4 PM (JST / UCT+9)



Housekeeping



QUESTIONS:

- Please send us your questions through the Q&A Box
- We will answer them all together in the Q&A session at the end

QUALITY ISSUES:

- Use the latest version of ZOOM or Google Chrome
- Check your internet connectivity
- Try another device e.g. PC, Mac, iPad, iPhone or Android device

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- This webinar is being recorded
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- Survey responders will receive a copy of today's presentation materials

Today's Presenters



GUEST SPEAKERS:



Ross Tuttelman Executive Director, Institutional Equity Division Morgan Stanley



Yusuke Nobuta Manager, Listing Department Tokyo Stock Exchange



Kensuke Yazu General Manager Osaka Exchange



Shun Yanagisawa Director, Japan Head of Futures, Clearing & FX Prime Brokerage Markets Citigroup Global Markets



Koichiro Ohashi Shareholder Greenberg Traurig



Akemi Kito
Partner,
Financial Services
PwC Tax Japan



Stuart Porter Partner, Financial Services PwC Tax Japan

FEATURED SPEAKERS:



Takuma Tanaka Deputy Director, Strategy Development Division Japan Financial Services Agency (JFSA)



Kevin Smythe
Director, Sales
& Marketing
Tricor Japan

MODERATOR:



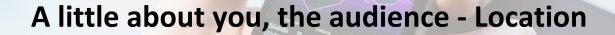
Gary Tok Group Chief Commercial Officer Tricor Group

Schedule



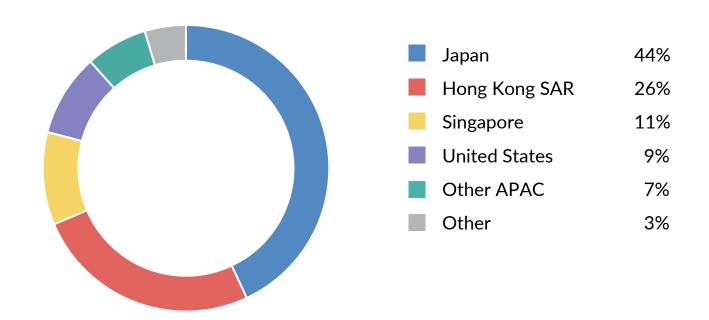
Opening	by Gary	Tok (Tricor	Group)
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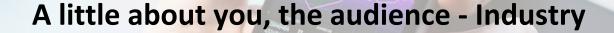
4:05pm	International Financial Center Initiative	Takuma Tanaka (Japan Financial Services Agency)
4:10pm	Japan Wants You	Kevin Smythe (Tricor Japan)
4:15pm	Japan's Equity Market	Ross Tuttelman (Morgan Stanley)
4:30pm	Recent Tokyo Stock Exchange Reforms	Yusuke Nobuta (Tokyo Stock Exchange)
4:45pm	Trading Opportunities of Japan's Derivatives Market	Kensuke Yazu (Osaka Exchange)
5:00pm	Trading Derivatives in Japan	Shun Yanagisawa (Citigroup Global Markets
5:15pm	Financial License Registration & Trading in Japan - Legal Regulations	Koichiro Ohashi (Greenberg Traurig)
5:45pm	Establishing a Japan Office - Tax Considerations	Akemi Kito & Stuart Porter (PwC Tax Japan)
6:15pm	Q&A Session	Gary Tok (Tricor Group)
6:30pm	Closing by Gary Tok (Tricor Group)	





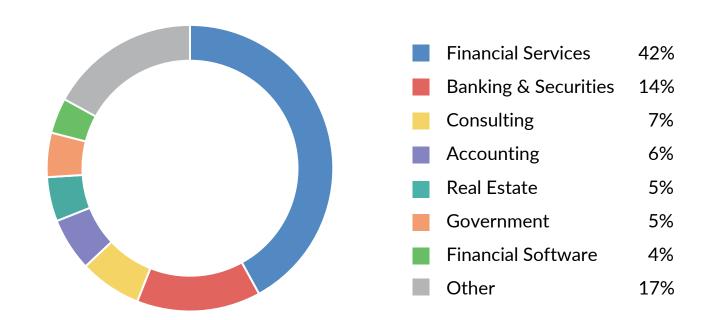
WHERE IS YOUR COMPANY BASED?







WHAT INDUSTRY IS YOUR COMPANY INVOLVED IN?







International Financial Center Initiative

Takuma Tanaka

Deputy Director Strategy Development Division Japan Financial Services Agency (JFSA)





International Financial Center Initiative





The "International Financial Center Initiative" continues to be a top priority for the Government of Japan.

In order to realize the new form of capitalism I illustrated today, we need to revive Japan as an international financial center.

When I was the Chairperson of the Policy Research Council of the Liberal Democratic Party, I made decisions that helped to facilitate the entry of foreign investment managers, revive of the corporate governance code, and introduce greater flexibility in the requirements for professional investors. As Prime Minister, I will continue to lead to achieve steady progress.

Speech by Prime Minister KISHIDA Fumio at the Guildhall in London (May 5, 2022)

Financial Market Entry Office



Since its opening, the Financial Market Entry Office has completed twelve registration cases.

Nov.	Name	Registration Date	Licenses	From
1	Affirmative Investment Management	Apr. 2021	IAA	GBR
2	Schonfeld Strategic Advisors	May 2021	IM & IAA	USA
3	Columbia Threadneedle Investments	Aug. 2021	IAA	USA
4	Dymon Asia Capital Japan	Aug. 2021	Pro-IM	SGP
5	EQT Partners	Dec. 2021	IAA	SWE
6	Minerva Growth Partners	Feb. 2022	IAA	HKG
7	Federated Hermes	Apr. 2022	IAA	USA
8	BMO Japan Securities	Jun. 2022	Type I	CAN
9	Pantheum Partners	Jul. 2022	IAA	HKG
10	Columbia Threadneedle Investments	Aug. 2022	Type II	USA
11	Citadel Securities	Aug. 2022	Type I	USA
12	EQT Partners	Sep. 2022	Type II	SWE
13	HS Group Japan Cayman	Nov. 2022	IAA	HKG

Financial Market Entry Office - Case Studies



Our official website publishes several "case studies" to share practical insights for incoming asset managers.



June 2021 Affirmative Investment Management Japan Inc. Mitsuo Kojima President & Representative Director



March 2022 Minerva Growth Partners. Inc. (Left) Kei Nagasawa (Right) Kensuke Murashima Representative Director, Co-Founder & Managing Partner



October 2021 Columbia Threadneedle Investments Japan Co., Ltd. Yoshihisa Kojima Representative Director & CEO, Head of Japan



June 2022 Federated Hermes Japan Ltd. Wataru Horii Representative Director, Head of Distribution, Japan





Japan Wants You

Kevin Smythe Director, Sales & Marketing Tricor Japan

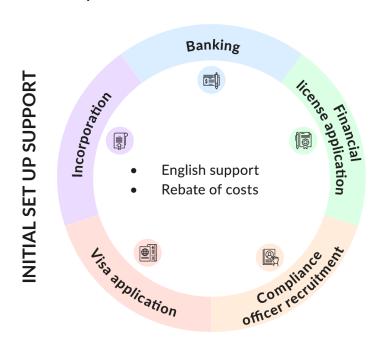
tricor

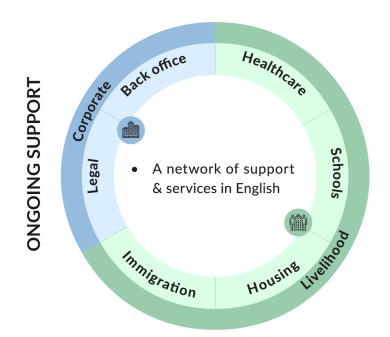


Financial Start-up Support Program



The Financial Start-up Support Program is one-stop solution for foreign asset managers looking to enter the Japanese market.





Eligibility - Who Can Apply?



Successful applicants must fulfil both of the following categories (a) and (b)

(a) Applicant who falls under either of the following categories

- ① Applicant who is engaged in the business described in items (i) and (ii) below in a foreign country respectively for the categories set forth in item (i) and (ii).
 - (i) Applicant wishing to register for Type 1 Financial Instruments Business: Same kind of business as Type-I Financial Instruments Business
 - (ii) Applicant wishing to register for the business listed in (b)(2)-(4): Same kind of business as Investment Advisory and Agency Business or Investment Management Business
- 2. Parent company, etc., subsidiaries, etc., or affiliated companies, etc. of an entity engaged in business prescribed in 1
- ③ Applicant who has worked in an entity engaged in business prescribed in ① as a senior officer or employee (i.e. where he/she is named as a senior officer or an important employee in the application documents)

(b) Application for either of the following types of business under the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act ("FIEA")

- ① Type-I Financial Instruments Business*1 (Article 28(1) of the FIEA)
- ② Investment Management Business (Article 28(4) of the FIEA)
- ③ Investment Advisory and Agency Business (Article 28(3) of the FIEA)
- Type-II Financial Instruments Business relevant to asset management business in either of the following cases
 - (i) where selling a beneficial certificate of an investment trust or a fund established by itself (Article 28(2)(i) of the FIEA)
 - (ii) where conducting a so-called Deemed Type-II Financial Instruments Business operated by Asset Management Company of an Investment Corporation or an operator of Investment Management Business for Qualified Investors (Article 196(2) of the Act on Investment Trusts and Investment Corporations and Article 29-5(2) of the FIEA)

*1 Type-I Financial Instruments Business that is conducted for professional investors and in which the securities handled are only certain securities, such as beneficiary certificates of foreign investment trusts and foreign investment securities.







Japan's Equity Market

Ross Tuttelman Executive Director, Institutional Equity Division Morgan Stanley

Morgan Stanley







Recent Tokyo Stock Exchange Reforms

Yusuke Nobuta Manager, Listing Department Tokyo Stock Exchange





Overview of JPX Group



JPX Group operates the financial instruments market, an infrastructure that supports the Japanese economy.

- Tokyo Stock Exchange(TSE) operates the cash market, including equities.
- Osaka Exchange(OSE) and Tokyo Commodity Exchange(TOCOM) operate the derivatives market.
- Self-regulation and clearing services are also conducted within the JPX group.

Japan Exchange Group, Inc.







Cash Equity Markets

Tokyo Stock Exchange

Derivatives Markets

Osaka Exchange Tokyo Commodity Exchange

Market-related Services

JPX Market Innovation & Research

Self-Regulation

Japan Exchange Regulation

Clearing

Japan Securities Clearing Corporation

Overview of TSE Market Restructuring



 On April 4, 2022, TSE restructured the cash equity market to incentivize sustainable growth and medium- to long-term corporate value creation at listed companies, thereby providing an attractive market that gains support from various types of investors both domestic and overseas.





Prime

The market oriented to companies which center their business on constructive dialogue with global investors

Standard

The market oriented to companies with sufficient liquidity and governance levels to be investment instruments

Growth

The market oriented to companies with high growth potential

Basic Concepts

- ☐ Criteria are set according to the concept of each market segment
- Initial listing criteria and continued listing criteria for each market segment have been standardized in principle.

(Reference) Listing Criteria for the Prime Market



Concept

For companies which have appropriate levels of market capitalization (liquidity) to be investment instruments for many institutional investors, keep a higher quality of corporate governance, and commit to sustainable growth and improvement of medium- to long-term corporate value, putting constructive dialogue with investors at the center.

Listing Requirements

Item	Purpose	Outline of Listing Requirements				
Liquidity			Criteria	Initial Listing	Continued Listing	
	> Basic criteria to ensure effective		No. of Shareholders	At least 800 shareholders	At least 800 shareholders	
	basis of ample liquidity for various types of institutional investors to		No. of Tradable Shares	At least 20,000 units	At least 20,000 units	
	find the stocks investable		Tradable Share Market Cap	At least JPY 10 bn.	At least JPY 10 bn.	
			Trading Value	At least JPY 25 bn. mkt. cap	At least daily JPY avg. 20 mn.	
Basic criteria to ensure effective foundation for constructive dialogue between listed		> To ensure constructive dialogue with institutional investors, must maintain "public market control" by tradable share ratio, with so-called "stable shareholders" holding less than 2/3 of shares (threshold to resolution under the Companies Act)				
Governance	companies and institutional		Criteria	Initial Listing	Continued Listing	
	investors Revised CG Code fully applied(*)		Tradable Share Ratio	At least 35%	At least 35%	
			Criteria	Initial Listing	Continued Listing	
	Stable and Excellent		Criteria	Initial Listing	Continued Listing	
Business Performance				Total profit for recent 2 yrs., at least JPY 2.5 bn.	_	
Financial Status	Revenue/Financial Base		Business Performance	Sales at least JPY 10 bn. & market cap at least JPY 100 bn.	_	
			Financial Status (Shareholder Equity)	at least JPY 5 bn.	positive	

^(*) including principles requiring a higher level of governance applied to Prime-listed companies

(Reference) Listing Criteria for the Standard Market



Concept

■ For companies which have appropriate levels of market capitalization (liquidity) to be investment instruments in the open market, keep the basic level of corporate governance expected of listed companies, and commit to sustainable growth and improvement of medium- to long-term corporate value.

Listing Requirements

Item	Purpose	Outline of Listing Requirements				
Liquidity	 Basic criteria to ensure appropriate liquidity for smooth trading by public investors 		Criteria No. of Shareholders No. of Tradable Shares Tradable Share Market Cap	Initial Listing At least 400 shareholders At least 2,000 units At least JPY 1 bn.	Continued Listing At least 400 shareholders At least 2,000 units At least JPY 1 bn.	
			Trading Value	are ratios required as public	At least monthly avg.10 units	obal
	 Basic level of governance structure to achieve sustainable 		stock exchanges)	are ratios required as public	company (same level as given	DDai
Governance growth Revised CG Code fully applied		Criteria Tradable Share Ratio	Initial Listing At least 25%	Continued Listing At least 25%		
Business	=		Criteria	Initial Listing	Continued Listing	
Performance Financial			Business Performance	Profit at least JPY 0.1 bn. in the most recent yr.	_	
			Financial Status (Shareholder Equity)	positive	positive	

(Reference) Listing Criteria for the Growth Market



Concept

■ For companies which have a certain level of market value by disclosing business plans for realizing high growth potential and their progress towards these appropriately and in a timely manner, but at the same time pose a relatively high investment risk from the perspective of business track record.

Listing Requirements

Item	Purpose	Outline of Listing Requirements				
Business Plans	 A business plan to realize high growth potential and that enables investors to make reasonable investment decisions based on 	 All requirements below must be met Reasonable business plans in place Principle underwriter submits basis for its opinion on company's high growth potential Appropriate disclosure (after listing as well) on business plans and matters related to high growth (business model, market size, source of its competitive advantages, business risk) Below required to ensure high growth potential is achieved/realized appropriately 				
	information disclosed		Criteria	Initial Listing	Continued Listing	
			Market Capital	_	from 10th yr. of IPO JPY 4bn.	
			Criteria	Initial Listing	Continued Listing	
	> Minimum criteria to ensure		No. of Shareholders	At least 150 shareholders	At least 150 shareholders	
Liquidity	appropriate liquidity for smooth trade by public		No. of Tradable Shares	At least 1,000 units	At least 1,000 units	
	investors		Tradable Share Market Cap	At least JPY 0.5 bn.	At least JPY 0.5 bn.	
			Trading Value	-	At least monthly avg.10 units	
	 Governance standard appropriate to the level of size 		ic level of tradable share ratio	os required as public company	(same level as global stock exchange	es)(*)
Governance	of business and growth stage		Criteria	Initial Listing	Continued Listing	
	Only Basic Principles of CG Code applied		Tradable Share Ratio	At least 25%	At least 25%	

(*) Startups using voting right class shares in IPOs will be subject to the same rules as applied now.

Comparison with Global Exchanges (1) (Prime Market)



Compared to major overseas markets, Prime Market listing standards are the most stringent.

Criteria	TSE Prime Market	NYSE	LSE Premium	NASDAQ Global Select	HKEx Main board	SGX
No. of Shareholders	800	400	NA	450	300	500
No. of Tradable Shares	2М	1.1M	NA	1.25M	NA	NA
Tradable Share Market Cap.	JPY 10bn.	JPY 4.6bn. (USD 40mn.)	NA	JPY 5.2bn. (USD 45mn.)	JPY 1.9bn.	NA
Tradable Share Ratio (%)	35%	NA	15%	NA	15~25%	12~25%

Comparison with Global Exchanges (2) (Prime Market)



			N	Multiple Segments			egment
Item	TSE (Old)	TSE (New)	NASDAQ	LSE	Deutsche Boerse	NYSE	HKEx
Name	1st section	Prime	Global Select	Premium	Prime	NYSE	Main Board
Concept	-	-	World's Highest listing Criteria	Higher listing criteria	Global investors	Large/mid size companies	
Number of Companies	2,177	1,838	1,624	444	307	2,599	2,229
(Total for All Segments)	(3,770)	(3,776)	(3,797)	(663)	(490)	, 2,399 ! !	2,229
Total Market Cap. (JPY)	715 tn.	673 tn.	2,654 tn.	400 tn.	285 tn.	4,013 tn.	651 tn.
Market Cap. (Median) (JPY)	43.4 bn.	57.3 bn.	143.0 bn.	166.8 bn.	136.1 bn.	207.9 bn.	17.3 bn.

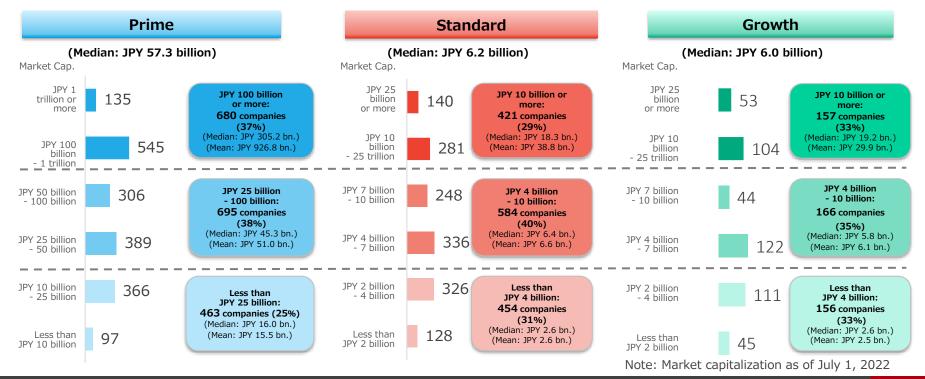
Note: TSE (Old) as of Apr. 1, 2022, others as of Jul. 1, 2022 (source: each exchange's website)

Note: The total number of companies for all segments is the aggregated number of companies on the 1st and 2nd Sections, Mothers, and JASDAQ for TSE (Old), the Prime, Standard, and Growth Markets for TSE (New), the Global Select, Global, and Capital Markets for NASDAQ, the Premium and Standard Markets for LSE (excluding investment funds), and the Prime, General, and Scale markets for Deutsche Boerse.

Distribution of Market Capitalization in Each Market Segment



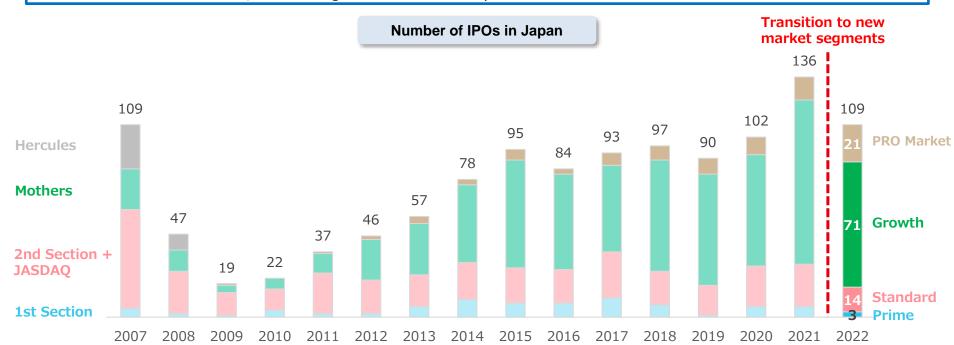
- In each segment, there is a wide distribution of market capitalization among the listed companies.
- Listed companies at the lower end of the market capitalization range in the Prime and Standard Markets face the challenge of consistently meeting the criteria for tradable share market capitalization (JPY 10 billion in the Prime Market and JPY 1 billion in the Standard Market).



No. of IPOs



- The number of IPOs has gradually recovered from the post-financial crisis slump, with around 100 IPOs each year in recent years.
- Before the transition to the new market segments, Mothers accounted for about 70% of listings (in 2021), and even after the transition, new listings have been mainly in the Growth Market.



Note: Includes initial listings on TOKYO PRO Market while excludes technical listings and listings via TOKYO PRO Market.

The number of IPOs in 2022 is expected as of November 29, 2022.

Corporate Governance Code

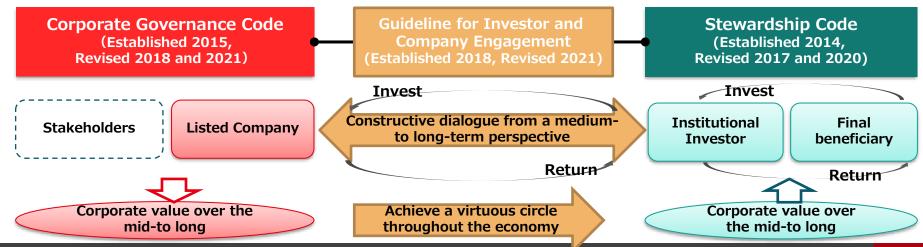


- "Corporate Governance Code" sets forth actions to be taken by listed companies and "Stewardship Code" sets forth actions to be taken by institutional investors.
- Both codes are expected to work together to promote sustainable growth of companies through constructive dialogue between institutional investors and listed companies.

Purpose and Significance

Sustainable growth and medium-to long-term corporate value creation at listed companies.

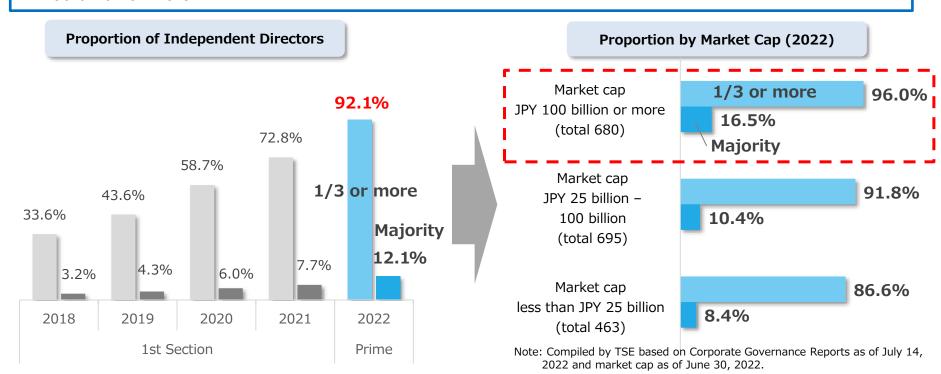
- Realization of aggressive governance
- Constructive dialogue with Medium-to long-term shareholders



Board Changes : Structure



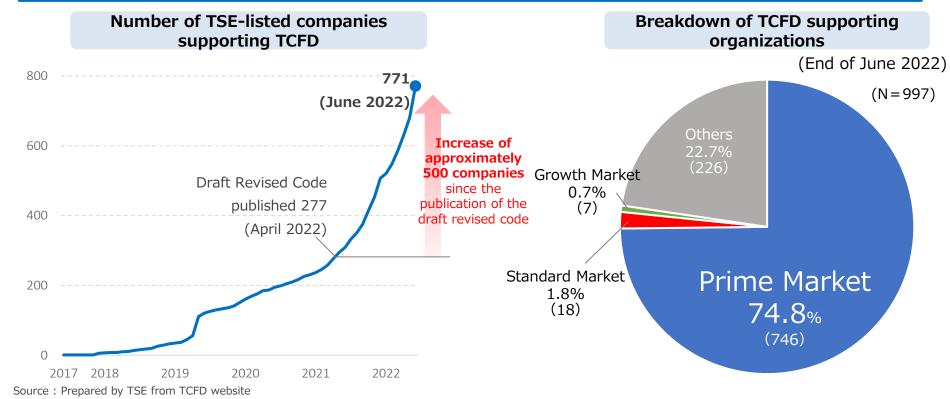
- The proportion of independent directors has been increasing year by year, with independent directors accounting for 1/3 or more of the director roles in 92.1% of companies listed on the Prime Market.
- At least 1/3 of all directors are independent directors in 96.0% of companies with market capitalization of JPY 100 billion or more.



Listed Companies supporting TCFD



- Triggered by the revision of the Code, listed companies supporting TCFD have been increasing especially on Prime Market.
- Approx. 70% of TCFD supporting institutions in Japan are Prime Market listed companies.

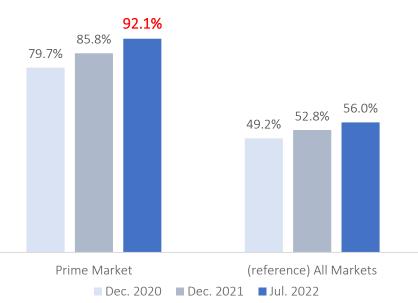


Disclosure in English



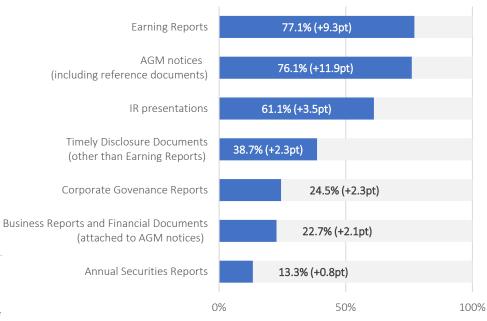
- Proportion of Prime Market listed companies implementing disclosure in English reached 90%.
- Disclosure in English of earning reports and AGM notices has made significant progress.

Proportion of Companies implementing Disclosure in English



Source : Prepared from TSE "English Disclosure Implementation Status Survey (as of July 2022)"

Proportion by Disclosure Materials (Prime Market)



(*) Figures in parentheses are compared to December 2021

JPX English Disclosure GATE



• In March 2021, TSE launched "JPX English Disclosure GATE", an English disclosure portal site that consolidates information related to English disclosure.





https://www.jpx.co.jp/english/equities/listed-co/disclosure-gate/index.html

For Overseas Investors

1 Company Announcements Service

For the latest English disclosure materials

2 Listed Company Search

· For listed companies' basic data and disclosed materials, etc.

3 Corporate Governance Information Search

• Service which provides corporate governance information with a search function

4 Availability of English Disclosure Information by Listed Companies

· For information on which listed companies are conducting English disclosure

5 TSE IR MOVIE SQUARE

• For investor-oriented videos such as company introductions and messages from corporate representatives, etc.

6 Investor Transcript Service

 Service which provides transcripts of corporate events such as financial results briefings. Listed company-oriented quidance is also available.

For Listed Companies

7 Guide to English Materials Distribution Service

Usage guide for the English Materials Distribution Service for Listed Companies

8 English Sample Disclosure Forms

For sample disclosure forms in English

9 List of Terms in Japanese and English

• For links to a list of terms in Japanese and English and related websites

(1) Practical Handbook for English Disclosure

 We provide a handbook that summarizes advice and points to note about disclosing information in English

(1) Interviews with Listed Companies Regarding English Disclosure

 You can read interviews with listed companies about their efforts regarding English disclosure.

Companies Supporting Overseas IR/Translation

• Information on companies supporting overseas IR and translation

13 Survey Reports

• We provide survey reports about English disclosure.



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- This material is for informational purposes only and is not intended as a solicitation to invest or as a recommendation to trade with any particular securities company.
- While every effort has been made to ensure the accuracy of the information provided in this material, the completeness of the information is not guaranteed.
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Trading Opportunities of Japan's Derivatives Market

Kensuke Yazu General Manager Osaka Exchange / Tokyo Commodity Exchange





The Origin of Japan's Derivatives Market









The trading of the feudal Osaka (for warehouse receipts on rice) bears a striking resemblance to the contracts traded on the computerized commodities exchanges of

Derivatives Market Landscape



Japan Exchange Group (JPX)

Osaka Exchange

Financial Derivatives

- **◆** Japanese Equity Indices
 - ✓ Nikkei 225
 - ✓ TOPIX, etc.
- **♦**Overseas Equity Indices
 - ✓ DJIA, etc.
- **♦** JGBs
- Others
 - ✓ Single Stock Options, etc.

Commodity Derivatives

- Precious Metal
 - ✓ Gold
 - ✓ Silver
 - ✓ Platinum
 - ✓ Palladium
- Rubber
- **♦** Agricultural
- **♦** Commodity Index

Tokyo Commodity Exchange

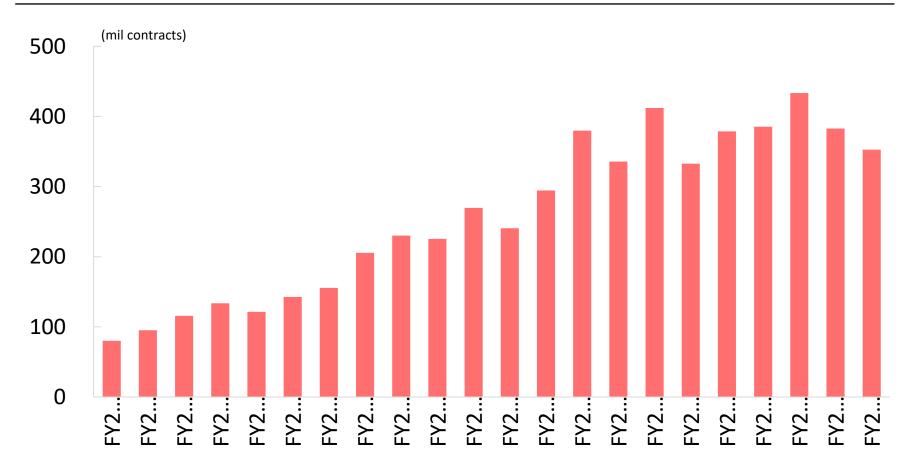
Energy Derivatives

- **◆ Crude Oil/ Oil Products**
 - ✓ Dubai Crude Oil, etc.
- **♦** Electricity
- **♦ LNG**

Japan Securities Clearing Corporation (JSCC)

Trend of Market Trading Volume







The most well-known Product

Nikkei 225 mini Futures



Trading volume in APAC



Trading volume in the world

Average Daily Trading Volume

Nikkei 225 mini	1,117,076
Nikkei 225 Options	190,865
TOPIX Futures	106,354
Nikkei 225 Futures	91,267
10-year JGB Futures	32,377
Gold Standard Futures	28,206
mini-TOPIX Futures	26,994
Individual Securities Options	18,282
TSE Mothers Index Futures	12,076
JPX-Nikkei 400 Futures	11,446
Platinum Standard Futures	10,363
Dubai Crude Oil Futures	8,935
Note: Average daily trading volume from April to September 2022	

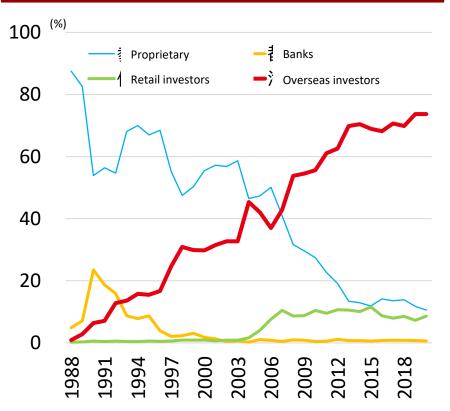
Note: Average daily trading volume from April to September 2022

Source: JPX

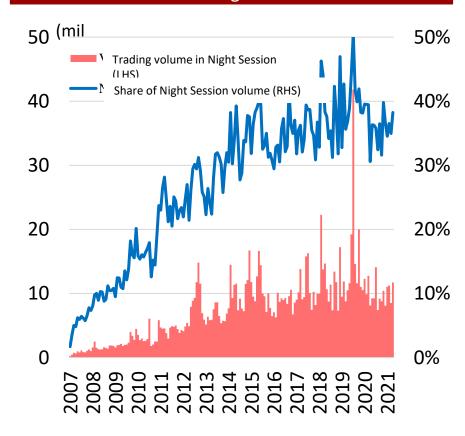
Active International Investors' Participation



Share of Trading Volume in Nikkei 225 Futures



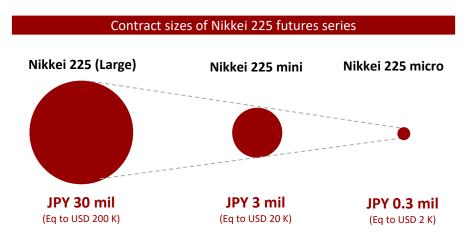
Trend of Night Session



Topic 1: Introduction of Small-Sized Equity Index Products



- OSE will launch Nikkei 225 micro Futures and Nikkei 225 mini Options on May 29, 2023, aiming to provide new trading opportunities to investors.
- Nikkei 225 micro Futures contracts are one-tenth of the contract size of Nikkei 225 mini.
- Nikkei 225 mini Options contracts are one-tenth of the contract size of Nikkei 225 Options.

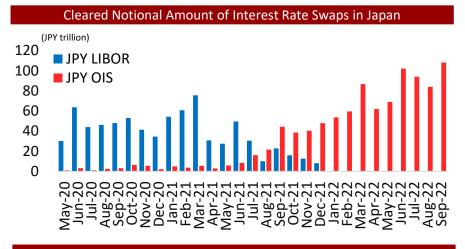


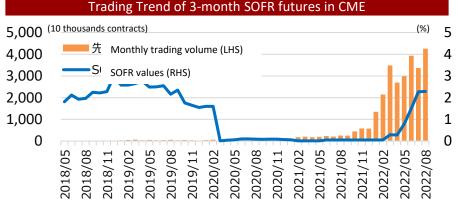
Introduction of micro-sized products in global exchanges		
Exchanges	Products	Launched in
CME	Micro E-mini S&P500 futures	May 2019
	Micro E-mini S&P500 Options	Aug. 2020
	Micro WTI Futures	July 2021
Eurex	Micro STOXX50 Futures	Apr 2021
	Micro DAX Futures	Apr 2021

Topic 2: Introduction of Short-Term Interest Rate Futures



- Japan's interest rate benchmark reform has adopted Tokyo Over Night Average rate (TONA) as the risk-free rate to replace LIBOR.
- JPY LIBOR swap transactions have been gradually shifted to OIS (Overnight Indexed Swap) that references TONA.
- OSE will launch 3-month TONA Futures contracts on May 29, 2023, aiming to provide a one-stop market infrastructure for trading interest rate products at OSE.

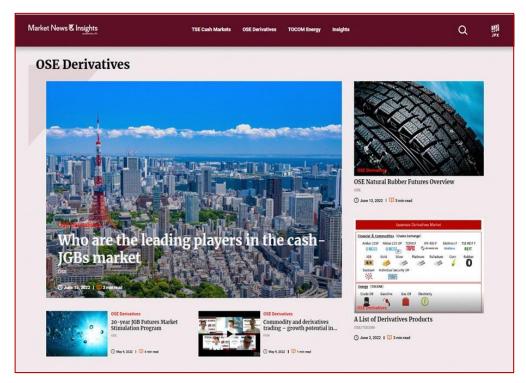




Market Trend Information

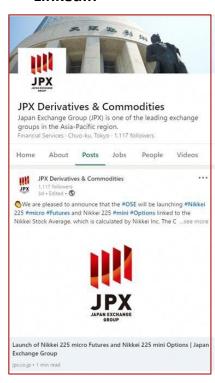


Market News & Insights



- Market News & Insights: https://market-news-insights-jpx.com/
- LinkedIn: https://www.linkedin.com/company/jpx-derivatives-commodities/

■ LinkedIn







Kensuke Yazu

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Derivatives Business Development Osaka Exchange Inc.

JPX Derivatives & Commodities











Trading Derivatives in Japan

Shun Yanagisawa

Director, Japan Head of Futures, Clearing & FX Prime Brokerage Markets Citigroup Global Markets









Financial License Registration & **Trading in Japan** Legal Regulations

Koichiro Ohashi Shareholder Greenberg Traurig

GT GreenbergTraurig



Listed Equity Cash Trades

- Large Shareholding Report
 - More than <u>5%</u> acquisition of listed shares
 - Post-facto reporting within <u>5 business days</u> of the latest trade
 - Report on: Shareholding ratio; funding for acquisition; purpose of shareholding, etc.
 - To file electronically through <u>EDINET</u>
 - Budgeting a good advance time (1 month) for EDINET registration
 - Registration made in Japanese.
 - Investing in acting in concert
 - Acting in concert: multiple funds managed by a same fund manager, etc.
 - All parties acting in concert shall submit reports.



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Listed Equity Cash Trades (Cont'd)

- Fluctuation Report
 - Amendment to Large Shareholding Report
 - <u>1% up/down</u> fluctuation
 - To report: Identity of the buyer, selling price, etc.
 - Post-facto reporting within <u>5 business days</u> of the latest trade
 - Short term sale report addendum:
 - Became Less than **a half** of the maximum holding in **60 days**; and
 - Lower <u>5%</u> shareholding ratio from the maximum holding in <u>60 days</u>



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Listed Equity Cash Trades (Cont'd)

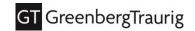
- Major Shareholder Reporting
 - Major Shareholders: holding <u>10% or more</u> voting rights of s listed company
 - Report on: details of trade (amount, purchase price, etc.)
 - To file through gBizID by 15th of the next month of the trade
- Short Swing Rule
 - Major Shareholders to sell <u>within 6 months</u> of purchase (except brokerage for third parties)
 - Applicable to short sell as well
 - Any profit to be disgorged to the issuer of the listed shares

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Listed Equity Cash Trades (Cont'd)

- Direct Inbound Investment Report under Foreign Exchange and Foreign Trade Act (FEFTA)
 - **Prior approval** on certain designated industries
 - **<u>Designated industries</u>**: Defense, Airlines, Nuclear Power, Electricity, Software Manufacturers, etc.
 - Acquisition of <u>1% or more</u> of listed shares/voting rights
 - To file **30 days** before the trade
 - To file with **Bank of Japan**
 - Post-facto reporting
 - Other than Designated Industries
 - Acquisition of 1% or more of listed shares/voting rights
 - To file within **45 days** of the trade
 - To file with <u>Bank of Japan</u>



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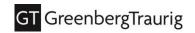
Fixed Income Cash Trades

- Major Shareholder Reporting
 - <u>Major Shareholders</u> (holding 10% or more of a listed company) to buy/sell notes/bonds issued by the listed company
 - To report: quantity of notes/bonds, unit price, total amount of buy/sell, etc.
 - To file through EDINET by 15th of the next month of the trade
- Short Swing Rule
 - Major Shareholders to sell within 6 months of purchase of notes/bonds (except brokerage for third parties)
 - Applicable to short sell
 - Any profit to be disgorged to the issuer of the listed shares

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Fixed Income Cash Trades (Cont'd)

- Direct Inbound Investment Report under FEFTA
 - **Prior approval** on certain designated industries
 - Designated industries: Defense, Airlines, Nuclear Power, Electricity, Software Manufacturers, etc.
 - Acquisition of notes/bonds which are
 - · more than JPY 100 million;
 - More than 1 year until maturity; and
 - The notes/bonds consist of more than 50% of total debts the listed company owes
 - To file **30 days** before the trade
 - To file with <u>Bank of Japan</u>
 - Post-facto reporting
 - Other than Designated Industries
 - Acquisition of notes/bonds (See above)
 - To file within **45 days** of the trade
 - To file with <u>Bank of Japan</u>



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Derivatives Trades

- Underlying assets: Equities
 - Cash settlement: no equity holding
 - No Large Shareholding Report nor Major Shareholding Report is required
 - No Direct Inbound Investment Report required.

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Short Sell Trades

- Prohibition of Naked Short
 - Sale of securities not owning nor without arrangement of borrowing
- Marking requirements imposed on brokers
 - Need to identify trades to brokers
- Uptick Rules
 - Short sell price must be:
 - <u>above</u> the last traded price, if the price is <u>downward</u> trend, or
 - <u>at</u> the last traded price, if the price is <u>upward</u> trend
 - Applicable only if the traded price drops by 10% from the Base Price (previous day closing price), and last until the end of next trading day

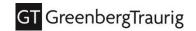
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Short Sell Trades (Cont'd)

- Short Position Balance Reporting
 - Submit to broker
 - If short position reach **0.2%** of total issued shares
 - By 10 am on 2 business days of the short sell trades
- Exemptions (among others) from Short Sell Restrictions
 - Short sale of securities which are going to be settled with ones the seller has bought
 - Short sale of securities which the seller has lent and are surely expected to be returned before the settlement day
 - Short sale of stocks after execution of CB, warrant, etc. within the amount the seller is going to obtain by the execution

Automated Trades

- Trades through Omnibus Accounts
- Trade ordering through <u>Exclusive Lines</u>
 - Automated trades
 - Trade orders issue from colocation area
 - Designated exchanges
 - High Speed Trader Registration
 - Paid in Capital Amount: JPY 10 million
 - Net Asset Amount: **positive** at all time
 - · No residency required
 - Agent in Japan
 - Notification of trading strategies
 - Annual business report



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Crypto Asset Trades

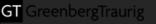
- Trade Reporting under FEFTA
 - Cross border crypto asset sales transactions
 - **Resident party** to report
 - Post facto reporting within <u>20 calendar days</u> of trade
 - Report to <u>Bank of Japan</u>



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Commodities Derivatives Trades

No reporting requirements



Thank you!

• Please feel free to contact me at:



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Establishing a Japan Office

Tax Considerations

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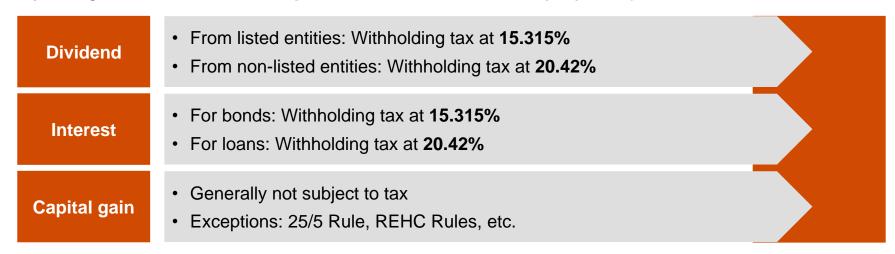
Agenda

General tax implications of trading public securities in Japanese capital markets	3
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Considerations for setting up operation in Japan	12

General tax implications of trading public securities in Japanese capital markets

General tax implications of trading public securities in Japanese capital markets

Japanese tax implications on income derived from investments into Japanese equities/bonds by foreign investors without a permanent establishment (PE) in Japan:



Treaty relief and domestic exemptions may be applicable.

General tax implications of trading public securities in Japanese capital markets (Cont'd)

- Corporate tax on income derived from Japanese investment through PE in Japan
 - → generally approx. **31-35%** (corporations)
- General definition of PE under the domestic law

Direct PE

Agent PE

Branches, factories and other fixed places in which business is being conducted inside Japan

An agent acting <u>on behalf of</u> the company has and <u>habitually exercises authority</u> to <u>conclude contracts</u> on behalf of the company or habitually has a principal role in the negotiation and/or conclusion of contracts

Key tax issues related to trading public securities

Key tax issues related to trading public securities

Key considerations of PE for funds

Direct PE

Location of the offices, branches, employees, etc.

Agent PE

- Presence of agents, excluding independent agents
- Definition of independent agent under domestic rules:
 - (i) independent status;
 - (ii) ordinary course of business
- Independent agent exemption:
 - "Trading safe harbour" for discretionary investment managers (DIMs)

Key tax issues related to trading public securities (Cont'd)

- Independent agent exemption DIM safe harbour rule FSA Independent Agent Guidance (5 tests):
 - 1. Detailed Instructions Test The DIM should have sufficient discretion in relation to the investment management activity performed in Japan
 - 2. Shared Officers Test 50% or more of the DIM's officers should not simultaneously serve as officers or employees of the foreign general partner or the foreign investment manager
 - **3. Remuneration Test -** Remuneration received by the DIM should be reflective of the value and risk it bears and should also correspond to the amount of the total assets or the investment income
 - **4. Diversification Capacity Test -** The DIM should have the capacity to diversify its business or acquire clients without fundamentally altering the way in which it conducts its business
 - **5. Specially Related Persons Test -** The DIM should not be acting exclusively or almost exclusively on behalf of "Specially Related Persons"

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Key tax issues related to high frequency trading

Key tax issues related to high frequency trading

OECD Model Tax Convention

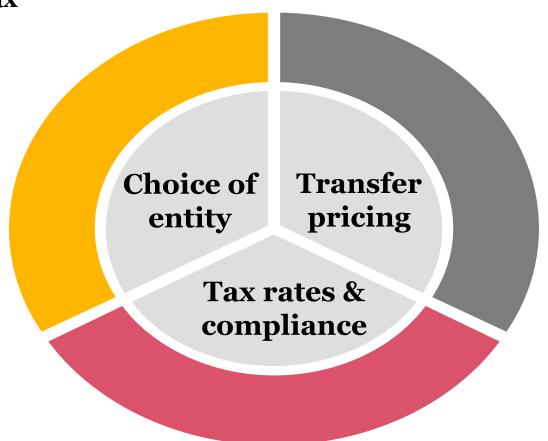
- Server could be a PE (regardless of the presence of personnel)
- Distinction between "server" and "software"

- TSE private letter ruling (TSE Letter)
 - de facto guidance
 - TSE co-location services Distinction between "server" and "software", i.e., the same approach as that of OECD Model Tax Convention
 - Data center The same approach available as that for TSE co-location services

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Considerations for setting up operation in Japan

Corporate tax



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Individual income tax

Scope of taxation: Non-residents (NRs), **Personal** Executive income compensation Non-permanent tax rates plans residents (NPRs), Permanent residents (PRs)

Thank you!

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